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Amy Morin What Mentally Strong People Don't Do

ANXIETY

10 Reasons Teens Have So Much Anxiety Today

We've created an environment that fosters anxiety rather than resilience.

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Source: Fotolia

The New York Times recently published an article called, "Why Are More American Teenagers Than Ever Suffering Fi Severe Anxiety?" The author chronicled several teens' battle with anxiety over the course of a few years.

The article questioned why we're seeing such a rise in anxiety among today's youth. As a psychotherapist, college lecturer, and author of <u>13 Things Mentally Strong Parents Don't Do</u>, I agree that anxiety is a widespread issue among adolescents. It's the most common reason people of all ages enter my <u>therapy</u> office.

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Some young people are overachieving <u>perfectionists</u> with a crippling <u>fear</u> of failure. Others worry so much about what their peers think of them that they're unable to function.

Some have endured rough circumstances throughout their young lives. But others have stable families, supportive parents, and plenty of resources.

I suspect the rise in anxiety reflects several societal changes and cultural shifts we've seen over the past couple of decades. Here are the top 10 reasons:

1. Electronics offer an unhealthy escape.

Constant access to digital devices lets kids escape uncomfortable emotions like boredom, <u>loneliness</u>, or sadness by immersing themselves in games when they are in the car or by chatting on social media when they are sent to their ro

And now we're seeing what happens when an entire generation has spent their childhoods avoiding discomfort. Their <u>electronics replaced opportunities to develop mental strength</u>, and they didn't gain the coping skills they need handle everyday challenges.

2. <u>Happiness</u> is all the <u>rage</u>.

Happiness is emphasized so much in our culture that some parents think it's their job to make their kids happy all the When a child is sad, his parents cheer him up. Or when she's angry, they calm her down.

Kids grow up believing that if they don't feel happy around the clock, something must be wrong. That creates a lot of turmoil. They don't understand that it's normal and healthy to feel sad, frustrated, guilty, disappointed, and angry sometimes, too.

3. Parents are giving unrealistic praise.

Saying things like, "You're the fastest runner on the team," or "You're the smartest kid in your grade," doesn't build <u>selfactor</u> esteem. Instead, it puts pressure on kids to live up to those labels. That can lead to crippling fear of failure or rejection

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4. Parents are getting caught up in the rat race.

Many parents have become like personal assistants to their <u>teenagers</u>. They work hard to ensure their teens can com They hire tutors and private <u>sports</u> coaches and pay for expensive SAT prep courses. They make it their job to help th teens build transcripts that will impress a top school. And they send the message that their teen must excel at everyth

in order to land a coveted spot at such a college.
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5. Kids aren't learning emotional skills.

We emphasize academic preparation and put little effort into teaching kids the *emotional* skills they need to succeed. fact, a <u>national survey of first-year college students</u> revealed that 60 percent feel emotionally unprepared for college

Knowing how to manage your time, combat <u>stress</u>, and take care of your feelings are key components to living a good Without healthy coping skills, it's no wonder teens are feeling anxious over everyday hassles.

6. Parents view themselves as protectors rather than guides.

Somewhere along the line, many parents began believing their role is to help kids grow up with as few emotional and physical scars as possible. They became so overprotective that their kids never practiced dealing with challenges on own. Consequently, these kids have grown up to believe they're too fragile to cope with the realities of life.

7. Adults don't know to help kids face their fears the right way.

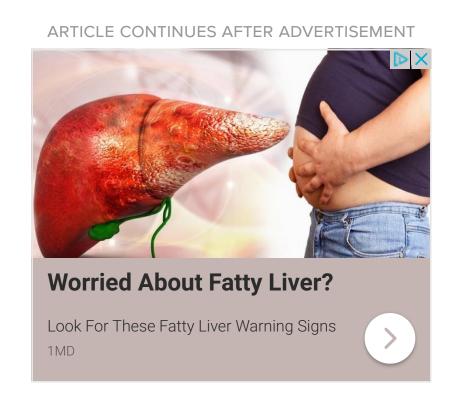
At one end of the spectrum, you'll find parents who push their kids too hard. They force their children to do things that terrify them. On the other end, you'll find parents who don't push kids at all. They let their kids opt out of anything that sounds anxiety-provoking.

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Exposure is the best way to conquer fear but only when it's done incrementally. Without practice, gentle nudging, and guidance, kids never gain <u>confidence</u> that they can face their fears head-on.

8. Parents are parenting out of guilt and fear.

Parenting stirs up uncomfortable emotions, like guilt and fear. But rather than let themselves feel those emotions, mar parents are changing their parenting habits. So they don't let their kids out of their sight because it stirs up their anxie they feel so guilty saying no to their kids that they back down and give in. Consequently, they teach their kids that uncomfortable emotions are intolerable.



9. Kids aren't being given enough free time to play.

While organized sports and clubs play an important role in kids' lives, adults make and enforce the rules. Unstructured teaches kids vital skills, like how to manage disagreements without an adult refereeing. And solitary play teaches kids to be alone with their thoughts and comfortable in their own skin.

10. Family hierarchies are out of whack.

Although kids give the impression that they'd like to be in charge, deep down they know they aren't capable of makin good decisions. They want their parents to be leaders—even when there is dissension in the ranks. And when the hierarchy gets muddled—or even flipped upside down—their anxiety skyrockets.

How to Address the Anxiety Epidemic

We've created an environment that fosters anxiety in young people, rather than <u>resilience</u>. And while we can't prevent anxiety disorders—there's definitely a genetic component—we can do a better job <u>helping kids build the mental</u> <u>muscle they need to stay healthy</u>.

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About the Author



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